Warning signs of domestic violence

Is someone you know in a relationship with someone who...

 Puts them down?
 Loses their temper, strikes or breaks objects?
 Is extremely jealous?
 Controls their finances, behavi

4. Controls their finances, behavior, appearance, and social life?5. Hurts animals or children?

Does your client...

6. Get quiet when their partner is around or seem afraid to anger them?
7. Rarely see friends and family or cancel plans at the last minute?
8. Casually mention their partner's violent behavior but dismiss what happened as "not a big deal"?
9. Have unexplained injuries?
10. Have children who are frequently upset, quiet, or withdrawn?

If you think your client is in an abusive relationship, but you aren't sure -**GO WITH YOUR INSTINCTS.** You probably wouldn't be

concerned without reason.

What if you see an **assault in progress?**

Be sure to keep yourself safe don't intervene, but

do something about it.

Don't assume someone else has already taken care of it.

Write down all the information you can remember, including any license plate numbers and the location of the assault.

Call 911

Contact the YWCA for more information on **HOW WE CAN HELP**

1-888-822-2983 or text YWCANEKS followed by your message to 847-411

YWCA of Northeast Kansas offers support for victims of domestic violence, sexual violence, stalking, and human trafficking. No matter where a person is in their journey,

WE CAN HELP WITH

Emergency Shelter Safety Planning Counseling Support Groups Outreach & Advocacy

helping client

Maybe you weren't listening. Perhaps you overlooked the silent cries for help.

You don't need to be an **expert** You just need to be a **friend**

Learn how to spot domestic violence.



Listen. Let your client know you care.

What if your client decides to Stay?

What if your client decides to Leave?

Listen without judging.

Your friend may feel responsible, ashamed, inadequate, or afraid.

It is NOT your client's fault.

Make sure your client knows they are not alone.

Explain that domestic violence is a crime.

Help is available from the police, the courts, and domestic violence programs.

Encourage your client to call.

The YWCA can help establish a safety plan or obtain a protection order.

Contact our 24-hour Crisis & Support Help Line at **1-888-822-2983** or text YWCANEKS, followed by your message to 847-411

If you need advice on how to help a client in an abusive relationship, our 24-hour Crisis Line is free and confidential.

Recognize that leaving is difficult.

Victims stay with their abusers for many reasons, such as fearing for their life, wanting their children to grow up with both parents, or feeling to blame for the abuse. Sometimes victims just want the violence to end, not the relationship.

Encourage your client to keep records in a safe place.

A log of abuse should include evidence of threats in letters, emails, voicemails, or texts.

Help identify resources.

Make a list of providers like the YWCA that can help increase safety and self-sufficiency.

Suggest telling a doctor.

A doctor or nurse can document the abuse in medical records and take photographs of injuries, which will be helpful if your friend decides to take legal action.

Suggest developing a safety plan.

A safety plan is helpful in case of emergency. Your friend can keep money, important documents, a change of clothes, and an extra set of keys in a safe place, such as with a friend or neighbor.

Decide how you can help.

Your friend may need money, assistance finding a place to live, a place to store belongings, or help finding a safe home for pets.

> **Contact the YWCA** or a domestic violence program for assistance.

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